



## ARQ-LVR002

## RAD-HARD Quad 500 Mbps Bus LVDS Receiver

## FEATURES

- 500.0 Mbps low jitter data path
- 3.3 V power supply
- CMOS/TTL compatible inputs/Outputs
- Low power Consumption
- Cold sparing on all pins
- 2ns Propagation delay in temperature range
- Extended LVDS input common mode [-4V; +5] V
- Receiver input threshold  $\leq \pm 100$  mV
- 25 mV (typ) Input hysteresis
- Fail Safe protection circuit
- Radiation tolerant: 300 krad(Si)
- Latch-up free up to 60 MeVcm<sup>2</sup>/mg
- ESD tolerance: 8 kV
- Packaging: 16-pin, Ceramic Flat Pack (FP-16).
- ANSI TIA/EIA 644a LVDS standard Compliant
- Space level

## DESCRIPTION

ARQUIMEA's ARQ-LVR002 device is a Quad Bus Low Voltage Differential Signals (LVDS) Receiver intended for low power, high-speed and low noise operation. Data path consists in a fully differential LVDS input with its associated LVCMOS/LVTTL output.

The ARQ-LVR002 allows high-speed LVDS data transmission for point-to-point or multi-drop interconnects. The device is specifically designed for the bridging of multiple backplanes in a system.

The Quad LVDS Receiver supports an overall TRI-STATE function that may be used to disable the output stages, disabling the load current, and thus dropping the device to an ultra-low idle power state.

All pins, including CMOS Input/outputs, have Cold Spare buffers. The pins will be high impedance when VDD is tied to VSS.

The input buffers of LVDS receiver include an active internal fail-safe circuit that sets the output of the receiver to a known high state when one or the two inputs floating, or inputs shorted.

The extended common mode range allows high voltage drops between ground planes without affecting performance.

## APPLICATIONS

The ARQ-LVR002 provides the basic bus receiver functions which allow isolation of segments or long-distance applications.

The intended application of these devices and signaling technique is for both space-wire point-to-point baseband (single termination) and multipoint (double termination) data transmissions over controlled impedance media.

The transmission media may be printed-circuit board traces, backplanes, or cables.

## RADIATION HARDENING

| PARAMETER                       | MIN                 | TYP | MAX | UNIT                    | COMMENTS                            |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| TID                             | 300                 | -   | -   | krad                    | Only validated on design ARQ-LVR001 |
| SEL                             | 60                  | -   | -   | MeV·cm <sup>2</sup> /mg |                                     |
| SEE performance for a GEO orbit | 1·10 <sup>-13</sup> | -   | -   | Err/Bit                 |                                     |

More information about radiation hardening features and radiation test conditions is available under request.

## AVAILABLE OPTIONS

| PRODUCT ORDERING Nº | QUALITY LEVEL           | PACKAGE (*1)      | OPERATING TEMPERATURE | VARIANT DETAIL | TERMINAL MATERIAL AND FINISH (*2) | DELIVERY PACK  |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| ARQ-LVR002-01       | Engineering Model (*3)  | 16-pin Ceramic FP | -55°C to 125°C        | NA             | D2                                | 15-pieces tray |
| ARQ-LVR002S01       | Space Flight Model (*4) | 16-pin Ceramic FP | -55°C to 125°C        | NA             | D2                                | 15-pieces tray |

(\*1) Other packaging options, including raw die format, are also available under request.

(\*2) The terminal material and/or finish shall be in accordance with the requirements of ESICC23500

(\*3) Only electrically tested at 25°C

(\*4) Space level screening and qualification per ESICC9000

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## Glossary

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| <b>BER</b>   | <i>Bit Error Ratio</i>                         |
| <b>CMRR</b>  | <i>Common Mode Rejection Ratio</i>             |
| <b>CQFP</b>  | <i>Ceramic Quad Flat Pack</i>                  |
| <b>ESD</b>   | <i>Electrostatic Discharge</i>                 |
| <b>GEO</b>   | <i>Geostationary Earth Orbit</i>               |
| <b>IC</b>    | <i>Integrated Circuit</i>                      |
| <b>I/O</b>   | <i>Input/Output</i>                            |
| <b>LET</b>   | <i>Linear Energy Transfer</i>                  |
| <b>LVDS</b>  | <i>Low Voltage Differential Signaling</i>      |
| <b>LVTTL</b> | <i>Low Voltage Transistor-Transistor Logic</i> |
| <b>PSRR</b>  | <i>Power Supply Rejection Ratio</i>            |
| <b>RL</b>    | <i>Load Resistor</i>                           |
| <b>SEE</b>   | <i>Single Event Effect</i>                     |
| <b>SEL</b>   | <i>Single Event Latch-up</i>                   |
| <b>TID</b>   | <i>Total Ionizing Dose</i>                     |
| <b>tf</b>    | <i>Fall Time</i>                               |
| <b>tr</b>    | <i>Rise Time</i>                               |
| <b>TTL</b>   | <i>Transistor-Transistor Logic</i>             |
| <b>VCM</b>   | <i>Common-mode voltage</i>                     |
| <b>VID</b>   | <i>Differential Input Voltage</i>              |
| <b>VOS</b>   | <i>Offset voltage</i>                          |
| <b>VT</b>    | <i>Differential output voltage</i>             |



OVERVIEW

The ARQ-LVR002 provides the basic bus receiver function. The device operates as a Quad LVDS Receiver. Receiving the LVDS amplitude and generating a LVCMOS/LVTTL digital output, allowing isolation of segments or long-distance applications.

The intended application of these devices and signaling technique is for both point-to-point baseband (single termination) and multipoint (double termination) data transmissions over controlled impedance media.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

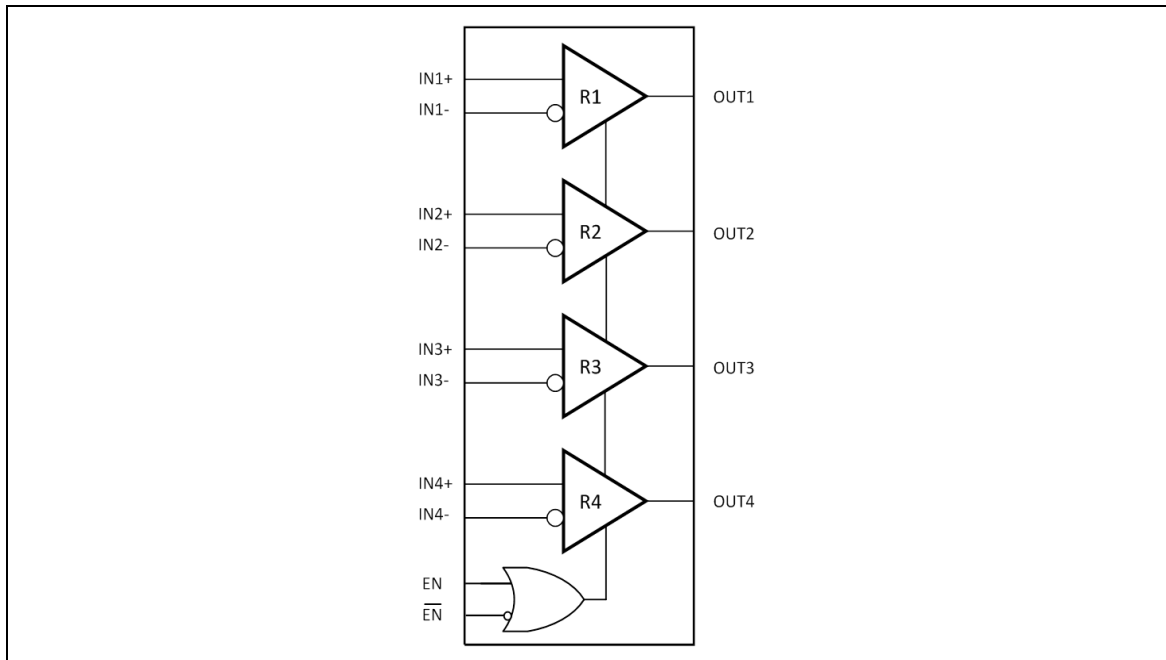


Figure 1: Block diagram

TRUTH TABLE

| MODE      | ENABLES   |           | INPUTS                                     | OUTPUTS |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|---------|
|           | EN        | EN/       | $V_{ID} = V_{IN+} - V_{IN-}$               | OUT     |
| Disabled  | L or OPEN | H         | X  | Z       |
| Enabled   | H         | X         | $V_{ID} > V_{TH}$                          | H       |
|           | X         | L or OPEN |  |         |
|           | H         | X         | $V_{TL} < V_{ID} < V_{TH}$                 | ?       |
|           | X         | L or OPEN |  |         |
|           | H         | X         | $V_{ID} < V_{TL}$                          | L       |
| X         | L or OPEN |           |  |         |
| Fail-Safe | H         | X         | OPEN/SC/Terminated<br>for $t_{FS} > 500ns$ | H       |
|           | X         | L or OPEN |  | H       |

Table 1: Truth table

Notes:

(\*) L= low Logic Level, H= High Logic Level, X= Irrelevant (L, OPEN or H), Z= High Impedance, '?'=Indeterminate

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| <b>SYMBOL</b>    | <b>PARAMETER</b>               | <b>VALUE</b>    |
|------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| V <sub>DD</sub>  | DC supply voltage              | -0.5 V to 4.6 V |
| V <sub>I</sub>   | TTL/CMOS Input Voltage         | -0.5 V to 6 V   |
| V <sub>IN</sub>  | LVDS Input Voltage             | -5 V to 6 V     |
| T <sub>STG</sub> | Storage temperature            | -65°C to +150°C |
| T <sub>J</sub>   | Maximum junction temperature   | +175°C          |
| T <sub>C</sub>   | Maximum Case temperature       | +125°C          |
| ESD              | ESD Last Passing Voltage – HBM | 8 kV            |
| P <sub>D</sub>   | Power dissipation              | 1.25W           |

**Table 2: Absolute Maximum Rating**

Note: Stresses outside the listed absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond limits indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not recommended. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability and performance.

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

The Recommended Operating as well as derated Conditions according to ECSS-Q-30-11A are presented below

| <b>SYMBOL</b>   | <b>PARAMETER</b>                    | <b>OPERATING VALUES</b> | <b>DERATED VALUES</b>          |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| V <sub>DD</sub> | Power supply voltage                | 3.0 V to 3.6 V          | 3.0 V to 3.6 V                 |
| V <sub>IN</sub> | TTL/CMOS Input Voltage              | 0 V to 5 V              | 0 V to 5 V                     |
|                 | LVDS input voltage, receiver inputs | -4.6 V to 5.6 V         | -4.6 V to 5.6 V                |
| V <sub>CM</sub> | LVDS Input Common Mode Voltage      | -4 V to 5 V             | -4 V to 5 V                    |
| T <sub>C</sub>  | Case temperature range              | -55°C to +125°C         | +100°C (T <sub>J</sub> =110°C) |

**Table 3: Recommended Operating Conditions**

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**Unless otherwise stated, these specifications apply for  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $-55^\circ\text{C} < \text{TC} < +125^\circ\text{C}$ 

| SYMBOL  | PARAMETER   | CONDITION   | MIN  | MAX            | UNIT          |
|---|---|---|------|----------------|---------------|
| <b>TTL/CMOS INPUT DC SPECIFICATIONS (EN, ENn)</b> |   |   |      |                |               |
| $V_{IH}$  | High-level input voltage  |   | 2.0  | 5V             | V             |
| $V_{IL}$  | Low-level input voltage   |   | -0.3 | 0.8            | V             |
| $I_{IH}$  | High-level input current  | $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{V}, V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V};$   | -10  | +10            | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{IL}$  | Low-level input current   | $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{V}, V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$  | -10  | +10            | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{CS}$  | Cold Spare Leakage current  | $V_{DD} = V_{SS}, V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$   | -3,6 | +3,6           | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| <b>TTL/CMOS OUTPUT DC SPECIFICATIONS (OUT)</b>    |   |   |      |                |               |
| $V_{OH}$  | High-level output voltage   | $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}, I_{OH} = -0.4\text{mA}$  | 2.4  | $V_{DD}$       | V             |
| $V_{OL}$  | Low-level output voltage  | $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{V}, I_{OL} = 2\text{mA}$   | -0.3 | 0.4            | V             |
| $I_{CS}$  | Cold Spare Leakage current  | $V_{DD} = V_{SS}, V_{OUT} = 3.6 \text{ V}$  | -6   | +6             | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{OZ}$  | Output Tri-State Current  | $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{V}$ , Tri-State output (channel disabled), $V_{OUT} = V_{DD}$ or $V_{SS}$    | -20  | +20            | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{OS}$  | Output Short Circuit Current<br>(Only one output should be shorted at a time) | $V_{DD} = 3.6\text{V}$ , High Level output, $V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V}$                             |      | -50            | mA            |
| <b>LVDS RECEIVER DC SPECIFICATIONS (IN+, IN-)</b> |   |   |      |                |               |
| $V_{TH}$  | Differential Input High Threshold   | $V_{CM} = -4\text{V to } +5\text{V}$  | +100 | +600           | mV            |
| $V_{TL}$  | Differential Input Low Threshold  | $V_{CM} = -4\text{V to } +5\text{V}$  | -600 | -100           | mV            |
| $V_{ID\_HYS}$                                     | Differential Input hysteresis   | $V_{TH} - V_{TL}$   | 15   |                | mV            |
| $V_{FSH}$   | Differential Input Fail-Safe High Threshold                                   | $V_{CMI} = -4\text{V}, +1.2\text{V}, +5\text{V}$ ,<br>Hold time>500ns                           | +10  |                | mV            |
| $V_{FSL}$   | Differential Input Fail-Safe Low Threshold                                    | $V_{CMI} = -4\text{V}, +1.2\text{V}, +5\text{V}$ ,<br>Hold time>500ns                           |      | -10            | mV            |
| $V_{ID\_FS}$                                      | Differential Input Fail-safe threshold  | $V_{FSH} - V_{FSL}$   | 20   |                | mV            |
| $V_{CMR}$   | Common Mode Voltage Range   | $V_{ID} = \pm 200\text{mV}$ (400mVpp)   | -4   | +5             | V             |
| $I_{IN}$  | LVDS Input Current  | $V_{DD} = +3.6\text{V}, V_{CMI} = +1.2\text{V}$ ,<br>$V_{ID} = \pm 400\text{mV}$                | -10  | +10            | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|   |   | $V_{DD} = +3.6\text{V}, V_{CMI} = -4\text{V to } +5\text{V}$ ,<br>$V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{CMI}$ | -60  | +60            | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $\Delta I_{IN}$                                   | Input Current Balance ( $I_{IN+} - I_{IN-}$ )                                 | $V_{DD} = +3.6\text{V}, V_{CMI} = -4\text{V to } +5\text{V}$ ,<br>$V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{CMI}$ | -6   | +6             | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{CSIN}$  | Cold Sparing Leakage Current  | $V_{DD} = V_{SS}, V_{CMI} = +1.2\text{V}$ ,<br>$V_{ID} = \pm 400\text{mV}$                      | -20  | +20            | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|   |   | $V_{DD} = V_{SS}, V_{CMI} = -4\text{V to } +5\text{V}$ ,<br>$V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{CMI}$       | -60  | +60            | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $C_{IN}$  | Input Capacitance   |   |      | 3              | pF            |
| <b>SUPPLY CURRENT</b>                             |   |   |      |                |               |
| $I_{CLS}$   | Total Supply Current  | $ENn = V_{SS}, EN = V_{DD}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V}$ , Fq = DC, no load                    |      | 50<br>(40 typ) | mA            |
| $I_{CCZ}$   | Tri-State Supply Current  | $ENn = V_{DD}, EN = V_{SS}$ ,<br>$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V}$ , no load                             |      | 10<br>(6 typ)  | mA            |

Table 4: DC Electrical Characteristics



AC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise stated, these specifications apply for VDD = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V, TA = -55°C to +125°C.

| SYMBOL            | PARAMETER   | CONDITION  | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------|---|--|-----|-----|------|
| t <sub>PHZ</sub>  | Disable Time (Active to Tri-State) High to Z            | C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pf   |     | 4.5 | ns   |
| t <sub>PLZ</sub>  | Disable Time (Active to Tri-State) Low to Z             | C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pf   |     | 4.5 | ns   |
| t <sub>PZH</sub>  | Enable Time (Tri-State to Active) Z to High             | C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pf   |     | 250 | ns   |
| t <sub>PZL</sub>  | Enable Time (Tri-State to Active) Z to Low              | C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pf   |     | 250 | ns   |
| t <sub>LHT</sub>  | Rise Time, 20% to 80%                                   | C <sub>L</sub> = 10pf  | 800 |     | ps   |
| t <sub>HLT</sub>  | Fall Time, 80% to 20%                                   | C <sub>L</sub> = 10pf  | 800 |     | ps   |
| t <sub>PLHD</sub> | Propagation Low to High Delay                           | C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pf   |     | 2   | ns   |
| T <sub>PHLD</sub> | Propagation High to Low Delay                           | C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pf   |     | 2   | ns   |
| T <sub>SKEW</sub> | Differential Skew T <sub>PHLD</sub> - T <sub>PLHD</sub> |  |     | 300 | ps   |
| T <sub>CCS</sub>  | Output Channel-to-Channel Skew                          |  |     | 500 | ps   |
| T <sub>DDS</sub>  | Output Device-to-Device Skew                            |  |     | 750 | ps   |
| t <sub>PJ</sub>   | Periodic Jitter   | V <sub>ID</sub> =±200mV (400mVpp),<br>50% duty cycle at 250MHz,<br>trise ≤ 1ns (20% - 80%) |     | 15  | ps   |
| t <sub>CCJ</sub>  | Cycle to Cycle Jitter                                   | V <sub>ID</sub> =±200mV (400mVpp),<br>50% duty cycle at 250MHz,<br>trise ≤ 1ns (20% - 80%) |     | 40  | ps   |
| t <sub>PPJ</sub>  | Peak to Peak Jitter                                     | V <sub>ID</sub> = 2 <sup>(N-1)</sup> PRBS pattern at<br>500Mbps, trise ≤ 1ns (20% - 80%)   |     | 250 | ps   |
| t <sub>DJ</sub>   | Deterministic Jitter                                    | V <sub>ID</sub> = 2 <sup>(N-1)</sup> PRBS pattern at<br>500Mbps, trise ≤ 1ns (20% - 80%)   |     | 200 | ps   |

Table 5: AC Electrical Characteristics

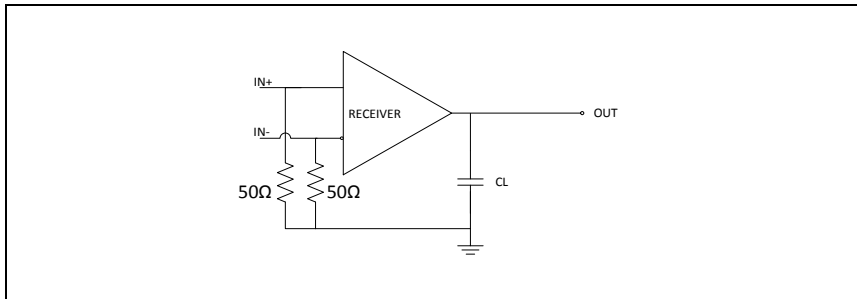


Figure 2: LVDS Test circuit Input/Output load

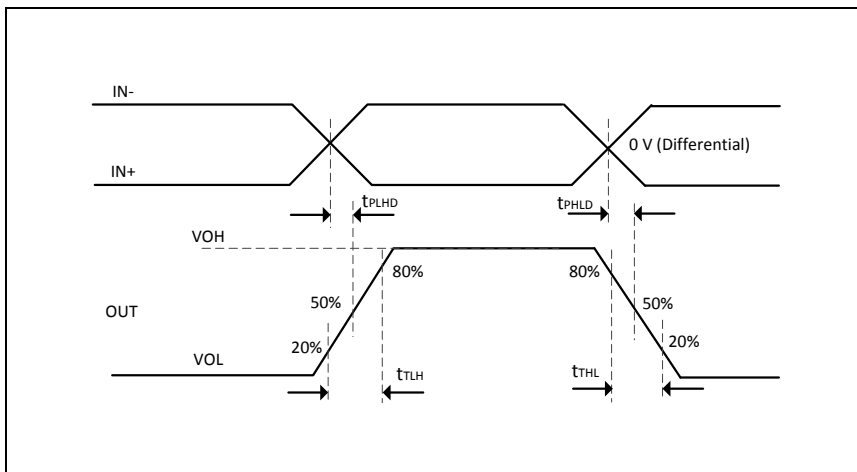


Figure 3: LVDS Propagation delay and transition time

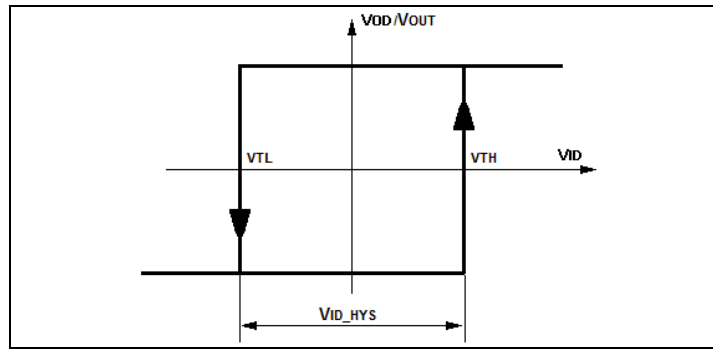


Figure 4: Input Differential Hysteresis

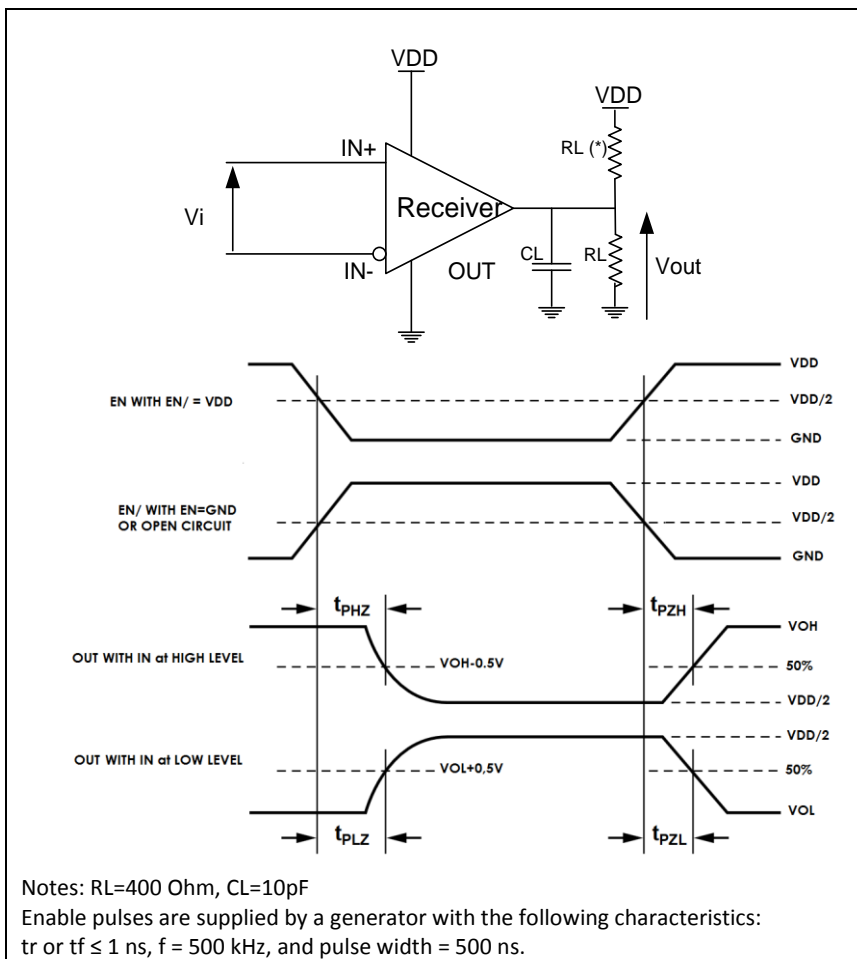


Figure 5: Output active to TRISTATE and TRISTATE to active



## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### **Transmission media:**

The transmission media may be printed-circuit board traces, backplanes, or cables. (Note: The ultimate rate and distance of data transfer is dependent upon the attenuation characteristics of the media, the noise coupling to the environment, and other application specific characteristics.)

The signal path should be matched in length to avoid any skew in differential lines or between channels.

### **Input Fail-Safe (comparator and timer):**

The ARQ-LVR002 also supports Fail-Safe operation when OPEN or SHORTED inputs are present. Receiver output goes HIGH after 500 ns for all fail-safe conditions.

### **PCB layout and Power System Bypass:**

Circuit board layout and stack-up for the ARQ-LVR002 should be designed to provide noise-free power to the device.

Good layout practice also will separate high frequency or high-level inputs and outputs to minimize unwanted stray noise pickup, feedback and interference. Power system performance may be greatly improved by using thin dielectrics (4 to 10 mils) for power/ground sandwiches. This increases the intrinsic capacitance of the PCB power system which improves power supply

filtering, especially at high frequencies, and makes the value and placement of external bypass capacitors less critical. A 0.25  $\Omega$  resistor is recommended in the power supply line path. External bypass capacitors should include both RF ceramic and tantalum electrolytic types. RF capacitors may use value of 0.1  $\mu$ F. Tantalum capacitors may be 2.2  $\mu$ F. Voltage rating for tantalum capacitors should be at least 5x the power supply voltage being used. It is recommended practice to use two vias at each power pin of the ARQ-LVR002, as well as all RF bypass capacitor terminals. Dual vias reduce the interconnect inductance and extends the effective frequency range of the bypass components.

The outer layers of the PCB may be flooded with additional ground plane. These planes will improve shielding and isolation, as well as increase the intrinsic capacitance of the power supply plane system. Naturally, to be effective, these planes must be tied to the ground supply plane at frequent intervals with vias. Frequent via placement also improves signal integrity in signal transmission lines by providing short paths for image currents which reduces signal distortion. The planes should be pulled back from all transmission lines and component mounting pads a distance equal to the width of the widest transmission line from the internal power or ground plane(s) whichever is greater. Doing so minimizes effects on transmission line impedances and reduces unwanted parasitic capacitances at component mounting pads.





## PINOUT DESCRIPTION

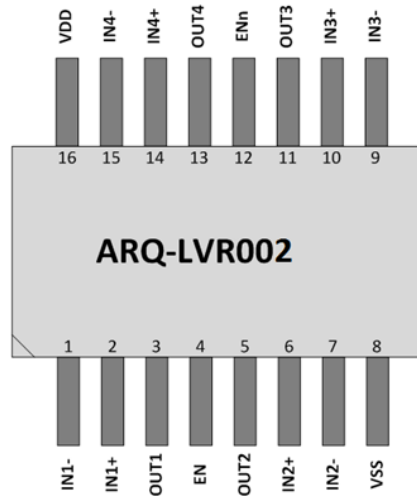


Figure 6: Pinout diagram

| Pin Nº | Name | Type           | Description                                    |
|--------|------|----------------|--|
| 1      | IN1- | LVDS Input     | Inverting LVDS input, channel 1                |
| 2      | IN1+ | LVDS Input     | Non-Inverting LVDS input, channel 1            |
| 3      | OUT1 | Digital Output | CMOS/TTL output, channel 1                     |
| 4      | EN   | Digital Input  | Logic enable for the LVDS receivers            |
| 5      | OUT2 | Digital Output | CMOS/TTL output, channel 2                     |
| 6      | IN2+ | LVDS Input     | Non-Inverting LVDS input, channel 2            |
| 7      | IN2- | LVDS Input     | Inverting LVDS input, channel 2                |
| 8      | VSS  | Power          | Ground   |
| 9      | IN3- | LVDS Input     | Inverting LVDS input, channel 3                |
| 10     | IN3+ | LVDS Input     | Non-Inverting LVDS input, channel 3            |
| 11     | OUT3 | Digital Output | CMOS/TTL output, channel 3                     |
| 12     | ENn  | Digital Input  | Logic active low enable for the LVDS receivers |
| 13     | OUT4 | Digital Output | CMOS/TTL output, channel 4                     |
| 14     | IN4+ | LVDS Input     | Non-Inverting LVDS input, channel 4            |
| 15     | IN4- | LVDS Input     | Inverting LVDS input, channel 4                |
| 16     | VDD  | Power          | 3.3 V Power                                    |

Table 6: Pinout description



PACKAGE

FP16 Drawing

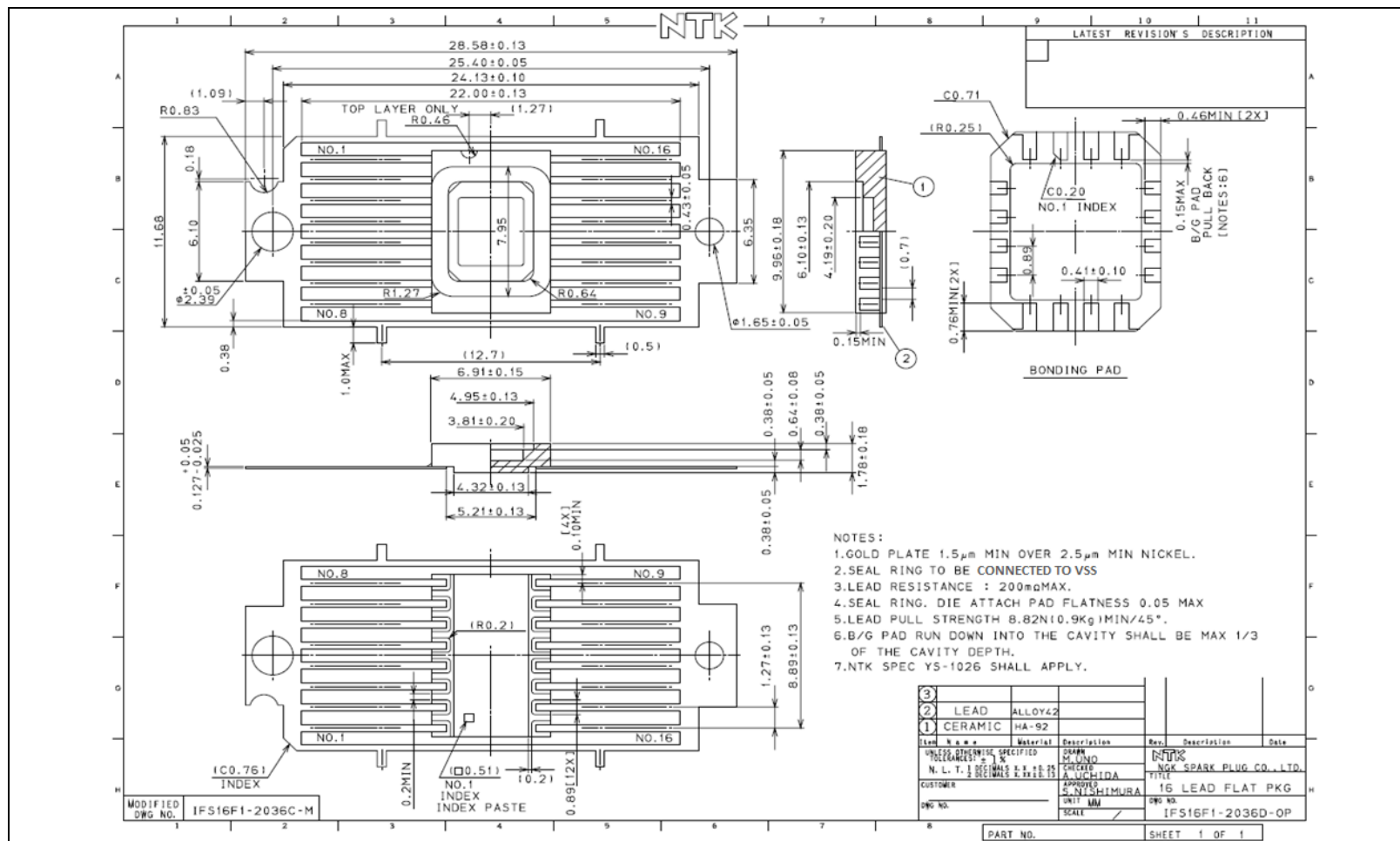


Figure 7: FP-16 Package drawing

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- Notes:
1. An Index mark shall be located adjacent to Pin 1.
  2. The dimension shall be measured from the seating plane to the base plane.
  3. The true position pin spacing is 1.27mm between centerlines. Each pin centerline shall be located within  $\pm 0.13$ mm of its true longitudinal position relative to Pin 1 and the highest pin number.
  4. All exposed metalized areas are gold plated over electroplated nickel per MIL-PRF-38535.
  5. The lid is electrically connected to VSS.
  6. Lead finishes are in accordance to MIL-PRF-38535.

## MARKING

The laser marked information on the component are:

- ARQUIMEA's symbol **Q**
- The Entire Part-type
- Traceability information



The traceability information comprises a manufacturing date code, a lot identification and a serial number:

- **Date Code:** Four-digit code number is used for the manufacturing date. The first two digits are the last two figures of the year of manufacture. The last two digits indicate the week of the year (i.e. 01 to 52), during which encapsulation or the final production process occurred.

- **Lot and Selected Sublot Identification:** If it is necessary to differentiate between more than one lot processed in the same week, a suffix letter (beginning with the letter A) is added to the date code. For a Selected Sublot a second suffix letter (beginning with the letter A) is added to the date code. For a single lot or sublot, letters are omitted (replaced by space).
- **Serial Number:** A serial number consisting of three digits is used. Serial numbers are run sequentially and not duplicated if more than one sub-lot is taken from one production lot.

For Engineering Models, "EM" marking is written after Serial Number



## QUALITY STANDARDS

ARQUIMEA INGENIERÍA S.L.U. develops its activities under the premises of quality and sustainability, offering efficient, liable and innovative technologies and solutions to its customers.

ARQUIMEA's Quality Management System meets the requirements of ISO 9100:2010 Aerospace Series and has been audited and certified by the Spanish Association for Standardization and Certification, AENOR.



To meet the highest quality and reliability, ARQUIMEA designs and develops its aerospace product line according to military and space standards.

Our space microelectronic devices are available in the following processes (Screened and Qualified):

- Equivalent to QML 38535 LEVEL Q or V\* (on request)
- Equivalent to ESCC 9000\*  
\*with radiation Qualification

For the procurement in die form, the following processes can be offered on request:

- In accordance with ECSS-Q-ST-60-05C
- Equivalent to QML 38534 LEVEL H or Level K\*

Engineering Models are available and tested at 25°C only.

\*With Radiation Qualification

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**REVISION HISTORY**

| <b>Date Released</b> | <b>Issue</b> | <b>Section</b>   | <b>Changes</b>  |
|----------------------|--------------|--|---|
| 12-05-2016           | Draft A      | All  | Initial Release   |
| 23-09-2016           | Draft B      | ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS<br>AC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS | Parameter update after electrical Measurements  |
| 20-09-2017           | Draft C      | ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS<br>AC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS | I <sub>CLLS</sub> parameters added, Hysteresis feature and Failsafe Threshold Added<br>Jitter parameter added |
| 30-10-2017           | Issue 01     | All  | Minor Format Review   |
| 28-11-2017           | Issue 02     | TRUTH TABLE  | Added table   |
| 20-02-2018           | 03           | AVAILABLE OPTIONS<br>PACKAGE<br>MARKING                    | Added description<br>Notes Added<br>Added Information   |
| 01-07-2018           | 04           | ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS                                 | Parameter update after Electrical Measurements at room temperature  |

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Space Technology Partner

CONTACT AND ORDERS:

**ARQUIMEA INGENIERÍA S.L.U.**

c/ Margarita Salas 10, 28918 Leganés (Madrid) SPAIN

Tel: +34 91 689 8094

Fax: +34 91 182 1577

Mail: [info@arquimea.com](mailto:info@arquimea.com)

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